

## Anti-TERT antibody

<b>Cat. No.</b>	ml161167
<b>Package</b>	25 µl/100 µl/200 µl
<b>Storage</b>	-20°C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 40% Glycerol

### Product overview

<b>Description</b>	Anti-TERT rabbit polyclonal antibody
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, IHC
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide of human TERT
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Content</b>	0.4 mg/ml
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Ig class</b>	Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification

### Target information

<b>Symbol</b>	TERT
<b>Full name</b>	telomerase reverse transcriptase
<b>Synonyms</b>	TP2; TRT; EST2; TCS1; hTRT; DKCA2; DKCB4; hEST2; PFBMFT1
<b>Swissprot</b>	O14746

### Target Background

Telomerase is a ribonucleoprotein polymerase that maintains telomere ends by addition of the telomere repeat TTAGGG. The enzyme consists of a protein component with reverse transcriptase activity, encoded by this gene, and an RNA component which serves as a template for the telomere repeat. Telomerase expression plays a role in cellular senescence, as it is normally repressed in postnatal somatic cells resulting in progressive shortening of telomeres. Deregulation of telomerase expression in somatic cells may be involved in oncogenesis. Studies in mouse suggest that telomerase also participates in chromosomal repair, since de novo synthesis of telomere repeats may occur at double-stranded breaks. Alternatively spliced variants encoding different isoforms of telomerase reverse transcriptase have been identified; the full-length sequence of some variants has not been determined. Alternative splicing at this locus is thought to be one mechanism of regulation of telomerase activity.

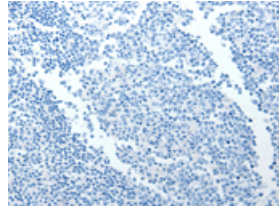
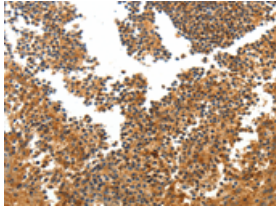
## Applications

### Immunohistochemistry

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Positive control: Human tonsil

Recommended dilution: 50-200

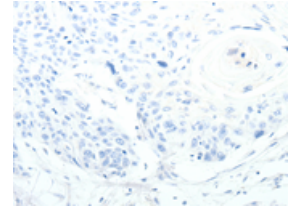
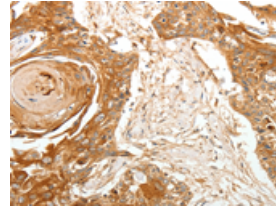


The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using ml161167(TERT Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Positive control: Human esophagus cancer

Recommended dilution: 50-200



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using ml161167(TERT Antibody) at dilution 1/40, on the right is treated with synthetic peptide. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )

### ELISA

Recommended dilution: 3000-10000

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