

## Anti-MLST8 antibody

<b>Cat. No.</b>	ml124866
<b>Package</b>	25 µl/100 µl/200 µl
<b>Storage</b>	-20°C, pH7.4 PBS, 0.05% NaN <sub>3</sub> , 40% Glycerol

### Product overview

<b>Description</b>	Anti-MLST8 rabbit polyclonal antibody
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, IHC
<b>Immunogen</b>	Fusion protein of human MLST8
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Content</b>	0.48 mg/ml
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Ig class</b>	Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification

### Target information

<b>Symbol</b>	MLST8
<b>Full name</b>	MTOR associated protein, LST8 homolog
<b>Synonyms</b>	GBL; LST8; POP3; WAT1; GbetaL
<b>Swissprot</b>	Q9BVC4

### Target Background

Subunit of both mTORC1 and mTORC2, which regulates cell growth and survival in response to nutrient and hormonal signals. mTORC1 is activated in response to growth factors or amino acids. Growth factor-stimulated mTORC1 activation involves a AKT1-mediated phosphorylation of TSC1-TSC2, which leads to the activation of the RHEB GTPase that potently activates the protein kinase activity of mTORC1. Amino acid-signaling to mTORC1 requires its relocalization to the lysosomes mediated by the Ragulator complex and the Rag GTPases. Activated mTORC1 up-regulates protein synthesis by phosphorylating key regulators of mRNA translation and ribosome synthesis. mTORC1 phosphorylates EIF4EBP1 and releases it from inhibiting the elongation initiation factor 4E (eIF4E). mTORC1 phosphorylates and activates S6K1 at 'Thr-389', which then promotes protein synthesis by phosphorylating PDCD4 and targeting it for degradation. Within mTORC1, LST8 interacts directly with MTOR and enhances its kinase activity. In nutrient-poor conditions, stabilizes the MTOR-RPTOR interaction and favors RPTOR-mediated inhibition of MTOR activity. mTORC2 is also activated by growth factors, but seems to be nutrient-insensitive. mTORC2 seems to function upstream of Rho GTPases to regulate the actin cytoskeleton, probably by activating one or more Rho-type guanine nucleotide exchange factors. mTORC2 promotes the serum-induced formation of stress-fibers or F-actin. mTORC2 plays a critical role in AKT1 'Ser-473' phosphorylation, which may facilitate the phosphorylation of the activation loop of AKT1 on 'Thr-308' by PDK1 which is a prerequisite for full activation. mTORC2 regulates the phosphorylation of SGK1 at 'Ser-422'. mTORC2 also modulates the phosphorylation of PRKCA on 'Ser-657'.

订购热线: 4008-898-798

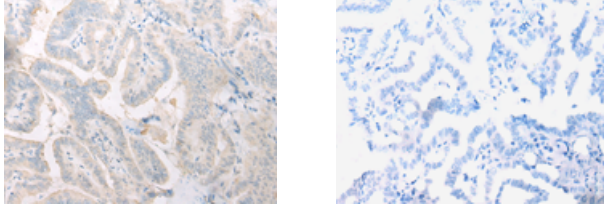
#### Applications

##### Immunohistochemistry

Predicted cell location: Cytoplasm

Positive control: Human thyroid cancer

Recommended dilution: 20-100



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using ml124866(MLST8 Antibody) at dilution 1/20, on the right is treated with fusion protein. (Original magnification:  $\times 200$ )

##### ELISA

Recommended dilution: 5000-10000

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