

兔抗 APBA1 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 APBA1 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-APBA1 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：X11; X11A; LIN10; MINT1; D9S411E; X11ALPHA

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：APBA1

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the X11 protein family. It is a neuronal adapter protein that interacts with the Alzheimer's disease amyloid precursor protein (APP). It stabilizes APP and inhibits production of proteolytic APP fragments including the A beta peptide that is deposited in the brains of Alzheimer's disease patients. This gene product is believed to be involved in signal transduction processes. It is also regarded as a putative vesicular trafficking protein in the brain that can form a complex with the potential to couple synaptic vesicle exocytosis to neuronal cell adhesion.

Applications:	ELISA, WB
Name of antibody:	APBA1
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human APBA1
Full name:	amyloid beta (A4) precursor protein-binding, family A, member 1
Synonyms :	X11; X11A; LIN10; MINT1; D9S411E; X11ALPHA
SwissProt:	Q02410
ELISA Recommended dilution:	2000-5000
WB Predicted band size:	93 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human fetal brain and mouse brain tissue
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000

