

兔抗 ITGB4 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 ITGB4 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-ITGB4 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: integrin subunit beta 4; CD104; GP150

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

宿 主: Rabbit

抗 原: ITGB4

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Integrins are heterodimers comprised of alpha and beta subunits, that are noncovalently associated transmembrane glycoprotein receptors. Different combinations of alpha and beta polypeptides form complexes that vary in their ligand-binding specificities. Integrins mediate cell-matrix or cell-cell adhesion, and transduced signals that regulate gene expression and cell growth. This gene encodes the integrin beta 4 subunit, a receptor for the laminins. This subunit tends to associate with alpha 6 subunit and is likely to play a pivotal role in the biology of invasive carcinoma. Mutations in this gene are associated with epidermolysis bullosa with pyloric atresia. M



| | ultiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isof orms have been found for this gene. |
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| Applications: | ELISA, IHC |
| Name of antibody: | ITGB4 |
| Immunogen: | Synthetic peptide of human ITGB4 |
| Full name: | integrin subunit beta 4 |
| Synonyms: | CD104; GP150 |
| SwissProt: | P16144 |
| ELISA Recommended dilution: | 5000-10000 |
| IHC positive control: | Human thyroid cancer and Human cervical cancer |
| IHC Recommend dilu tion: | 20-100 |





